Yeoman Telephone Company, Inc.

I.U.R.C. Tariff No. 1
Section III
First Revised Sheet 15

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LOW INCOME PROGRAMS

CONCURRENCE

Pursuant to the provisions contained in Cause Nos. 40785 and 40152, the Company hereby adopts and concurs in I.U.R.C. Tariff No. T-7, Part I, Section 3 for Low Income Programs.

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ISSUED PURSUANT TO ORDER NUMBER

40785

DATE NOV 2 4 1997

INDIANA UTILITY REGULATORY COMMISSION

Effective:	Officer:	David W.	Blacker
(Date)	Title: Exec	utive Vice	President

INDIANA UTILITY
REGULATORY COMMISSION

TARIFF I.U.R.C. NO. T-7
PART I
Section II
4th Revised Sheet 1

2.0 LOW-INCOME PROGRAMS1

2.1 Description

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The Low-Income Program is a federal program, that reimburses eligible telecommunications carriers (ETCs) for reducing their monthly service charges for voice telephony service as defined in 47 C.F.R. 54.101 to eligible low-income customers. The Company participates in this assistance program to increase the availability of telecommunications services to all consumers in its serving areas.

The Low-Income Program was approved pursuant to the Commission's Order of November 5, 1997, in Cause No. 40785. Pursuant to that Order, any telecommunications carriers desiring to be declared an Eligible Telecommunications Carrier ("ETC") for the purpose of receiving interstate Universal Service Funds may file a concurrence in I.U.R.C. T-7, Lifeline tariff, or may file a stand-alone tariff for such low-income programs (Cause No. 40785, Page 10). The structure of the program is outlined in the following paragraphs.

2.2 Definitions

The following terms shall be defined as follows:

Qualifying low-income subscriber – a subscriber who meets the low-income eligibility criteria established by the Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission:

Participation in at least one of the following federal programs:

- a. Medicaid; food stamps; Supplemental Security Income (SSI); federal public housing assistance or Section 8 (a Federal Housing Assistance Program administered by the Department of Urban Development); Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP); Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF); or the National School Lunch's free lunch program (NSL).
- Annual Household Income is at or below 135% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines.

Toll blocking – a service provided by carriers that lets consumers elect not to allow the completion of outgoing toll calls from their telecommunications channel.

Toll control – a service provided by carriers that allows consumers to specify a certain amount of toll usage that may be incurred on their telecommunications channel per month or per billing cycle.

Toll limitation - denotes both toll blocking and toll control.

¹Material on this sheet formerly appeared on the Preface Sheet and Part I, Section 3, 2nd Revised Sheet 1.

EFFECTIVE: April 2, 2012 FCC Docket No. WC 11-42

INDIANA UTILITY
REGULATORY COMMISSION

TARIFF I.U.R.C. NO. T-7 PART I Section II 3rd Revised Sheet 2

2.0 LOW-INCOME PROGRAMS (Continued)2

2.3 Lifeline Assistance

a. Description

Lifeline Assistance reduces an eligible Customer's monthly Federal Subscriber Line Charge and rates for local service. An eligible customer receives credit for the Federal Subscriber Line Charge as well as a credit towards the residential local exchange access line rate.

b. Regulations

- Lifeline Assistance is available to all residential customers who meet the following eligibility requirements:
 - i. Customers must be participants in at least one of the following programs: Medicaid, food stamps, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), federal public housing assistance or Section 8 (a Federal Housing Assistance Program administered by the Department of Urban Development), Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP), Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF), or the National School Lunch's free lunch program (NSL).
 - Annual Household Income is at or below 135% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines.
- As a participant in Lifeline Assistance, customers are eligible to receive Toll Blocking Service or Toll Control Service, as described in their Indiana Serving Tariff, at no charge. These services will only be provided at the customer's request.
- Local service deposit requirements will be waived for customers who voluntarily receive Toll Blocking Service or Toll Control Service.
- 4. Participants in Lifeline Assistance shall not be disconnected from Local service for non-payment of toll charges. In addition, the Company will not deny re-establishment of local service to customers who are eligible for Lifeline Assistance and have previously been disconnected for nonpayment of toll charges.
- Partial payments that are received from Lifeline customers will first be applied to local service charges and then to any outstanding toll charges.

²Material on this sheet formerly appeared on Part I, Section 3, 2nd Revised Sheet 2.

EFFECTIVE: June 22, 2005 FCC Docket No. WC 03-109 INDIANA UTILITY
REGULATORY COMMISSION

TARIFF I.U.R.C. NO. T-7
PART I
Section II
3rd Revised Sheet 3

2.0 LOW-INCOME PROGRAMS (Continued)3

2.3 Lifeline Assistance (Continued)

b.Credits

The following credits will apply for each customer eligible for Lifeline Assistance:

Monthly Credit

Federal Subscriber Line charge Credit

01 75

Residential Local Exchange Service Credit

\$1.75

2.4 Link-Up Assistance (Lifeline Connection Assistance)

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EFFECTIVE: April 2, 2012 FCC Docket No. WC 11-42

^{*}The requirement to for ETCs to offer Link-Up assistance (discounted service connection charges) was eliminated by the Federal Communications Commission pursuant to the Lifeline Reform and Modernization Order, Released February 6, 2012.

³ Material on this sheet formerly appeared on Part I, Section 3, 1st Revised Sheet 3.

REDACTED - FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION

YEOMAN TELEPHONE COMPANY, INC. (SAC 320839) ATTACHMENT - LINE 3026 ATTACHMENT REDACTED IN ENTIRETY